



TIEBREAKERS SET (7PT) & MATCH (10PT)

Document Type
Policy

Date
September 2026

When the score reaches 6–6 and a tiebreaker is played, use the following steps:

- The player due to serve the 13th game serves the first point into their opponent's deuce (right) service court.
- After the first point, the serve goes over to the other player, who then serves the next two points, serving first into the advantage (left) service court and then into the deuce (right) service court.
- After every 6 points, the players change ends.
- The player (team) first to 7 points (Match tiebreaker-10 points), with a 2 point margin is the winner.
- Look at the example below...

1st POINT A: 1 B: 0	2nd POINT A: 1 B: 1	3rd POINT A: 2 B: 1	4th POINT A: 3 B: 1	5th POINT A: 4 B: 1	6th POINT Change ends A: 4 B: 2
7th POINT A: 4 B: 3	8th POINT A: 4 B: 4	9th POINT A: 4 B: 5	10th POINT A: 4 B: 6	11th POINT A: 5 B: 6	12th POINT Change ends A: 5 B: 7

- Player A has won the Tiebreaker 7/5 and has won the set 7 games to 6 games. This is written on the scoresheet as 7 (7) / 6(5)
- The tiebreaker is regarded as one game played, therefore, in a rubber the pair who served first in the tiebreaker shall receive service in the first game of the following set of that rubber, and at the opposite end to where they finished the tiebreaker.

